#### The UK National Work-Stress Network, Conference 2012

# PERSONAL INJURY CLAIMS FOR OCCUPATIONAL STRESS & HARASSMENT

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#### Personal Injuries for Stress At Work

#### Session Plan:

- Introduction
- The law on claims for personal injuries caused by stress at work
- · Case Studies
- Break
- . The law on claims for harassment
- · The overlap between personal injuries and employment law
- · Your experiences
- Questions

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#### Personal Injuries for Stress At Work

#### Introduction: How big is the problem of stress at work?

- HSE estimates 425,000 employees suffered from work stress that they felt impacted upon their health in 2009/10.
- HSE estimates 9.8 million working days lost in 2009/10.

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## Personal Injuries for Stress At Work

### Introduction: Why is the problem not taken more seriously?

- Bottom line because there has been only a small prospect of facing claims from employees.
- Compare with the effectiveness of '6 pack' regulations of 1992:
  - The Management of Health & Safety at Work Regulations
  - Manual Handling Operations Regulations
  - Display Screen Equipment (DSE) Regulations
  - Workplace (Health, Safety and Welfare) Regulations
  - Provision and use of Work Equipment Regulations
  - Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Regulations

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## Personal Injuries for Stress At Work

## Personal Injuries Claims for Stress at Work

- Walker v Northumberland County Council (1995)
- Hatton -v- Sutherland (2002)
- The 16 'Hatton Propositions'.

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## Personal Injuries for Stress At Work

## Are the Hatton Propositions Still Good Law?

Proposition 3 - An employer is usually entitled to assume that the employee can withstand the normal pressures of the job...

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Proposition 6 - The employer is generally entitled to take what the employee tells him at face value.

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## Personal Injuries for Stress At Work

#### Are the Hatton Propositions Still Good Law?

Proposition 11 - An employer who offers a confidential advice service (with potential for referral to counseling & treatment) is unlikely to be found in breach of duty.

#### Personal Injuries for Stress At Work

#### Are the Hatton Propositions Still Good Law?

 Proposition 15 - Where the harm has more than one cause, the employer should only pay for that proportion attributable to him, unless the harm is truly indivisible.

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#### Personal Injuries for Stress At Work

#### Are the Hatton Propositions Still Good Law?

 Proposition 4 - There are no occupations which should be regarded as intrinsically dangerous to mental health.

#### Personal Injuries for Stress At Work

#### Are the Hatton Propositions Still Good Law?

Proposition 2 - The injury to the particular employee must have been reasonably foreseeable.

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Proposition 7 - It must be plain enough to the reasonable employer to realise they should do something about an impending harm to health.

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## Personal Injuries for Stress At Work

# Summary: What an employee needs to prove:-

- 1. Their employer owed them a duty of care;
- $2. \ \ \, \text{They suffered a recognised psychiatric disorder};$
- 3. The employee's psychiatric disorder/illness was foreseeable to their employer;
- 4. The employer was in breach of their duty to the employee in some way; and
- The employee must show that their employer's breach of duty caused or materially contributed to the psychiatric illness that the employee suffered

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### Case Studies

# **CASE STUDIES**

# **Discuss in groups**

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## **BREAK**

#### Protection From Harassment Act 1997

#### Claims for Harassment.

- The right to bring this claim comes from the Protection from Harassment Act 1997.
- Anti-stalking legislation
- · Contains both criminal and civil sanctions.

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#### Protection From Harassment Act 1997

#### Claims for Harassment.

There must be conduct which occurs on at least two occasions;

Which is targeted at the victim;

Which is calculated in an objective sense to cause alarm or distress;

Which is objectively judged to be oppressive and unacceptable;

What is oppressive and unacceptable may depend on the social or working context in which the conduct occurs; and

A line has to be drawn between conduct which is unattractive and unreasonable, and conduct which has been described in various ways: 'torment' of the victim, 'of an order which would sustain criminal liability'

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#### Protection From Harassment Act 1997

#### Claims for Harassment.

- Majrowski –v- St. Thomas NHS Trust (2006)
- Employer held Vicariously liable for the acts of their employee.

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## Protection From Harassment Act 1997

## More Recent Cases - How Serious Does the Conduct Have to Be?

Conn -v- Sunderland City Council (2008)

Ferguson -v- British Gas (2009)

Dowson & 5 Others -v- Chief Constable of Northumbria Police (2010)

## Protection From Harassment Act 1997

# Why Claim for Harassment rather than Stress at Work?

- Limitation.
- · Foreseeability requirement.
- Level of compensation.
- Diagnosis.
- Claim for both in some circumstances.

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# Overlap with Employment Law

Can an employee bring a claim for both a personal injury and in the Employment Tribunal

- Unfair Dismissal & Wrongful Dismissal
- Discrimination

#### Questions

# **DISCUSSION**

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# **QUESTIONS**

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